

Food & Nutrition Security

Organisation	Date	Reporting period
Embassy of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, Dhaka, Bangladesh	May 2019	reports received between 15 sept 2017- 15 sept 2018

Result area 1	IMPACT/OUTCOME/OUTPUT	RESULT AREA
FNS	Outcome	1 Eradicate hunger/malnutrition: Lift people out of undernourishment

ASSESSMENT OF RESULTS

To what extent have the outcomes for this result area been achieved?

Bangladesh is a densely populated country and a large portion of the population is still struggling daily to access safe and affordable healthy diets. Acute malnutrition situation still prevailed, where 01 of 03 under 5 years children are stunted, 1/5 of them wasted, about half of the women are anemic as well as face zinc deficiency. Side by side trend of non-communicable diseases (diabetic, obesity) is increasing due to food behaviour. Both nutrition specific and nutrition sensitive interventions got policy priority during implementation of all food security project. Food fortification with specific micro nutrient, nutrition messaging, accessing nutrition services and products, enhancing family income etc. contributed to change the malnutrition situation in the targeted population.

Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
1.1 Number of people with improved food intake	n.a.	n.a.	1266607	Result report of Rice Fortification, result Report of SaFal-II, result report of PROOFS, and result report of MMWW
1.2 Number of people with improved access to healthy/diverse food	n.a.	n.a.	585679	Result Report of SaFal-II, result report of PROOFS, and result report of MMWW
1.3 Number of people whose nutritional situation became more resilient to shocks	n.a.	n.a.	178297	Result Report of SaFal-II, and result report of MMWW

To what extent have the outputs for this result area been achieved?

During the reporting period about 1.3 million people have improved food intake due to their income increase and awareness building on nutrition. Sensitization on dietary diversity motivated about six hundred thousand people to take healthy and diverse food. It is evident that with the continuous support from different interventions about 178000 people became resilient to shocks, especially with their nutritional situation.

Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
1.x.1 Number of people directly reached	n.a.	n.a.	580805	Result report of Rice Fortification, result Report of SaFal-II, result report of PROOFS, and result report of MMWW
1.x.2 Number of people indirectly reached	n.a.	n.a.	731459	Result report of Rice Fortification, and result report of PROOFS,
1.2.2.1 Number of people for whom adequately fortified food became available	n.a.	n.a.	684800	Result report of Rice Fortification,

Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 1

Assess achieved results compared to planning: A. Results achieved better than planned

Reasons for result achieved: Rice fortification project covered more beneficiaries than planning as Government took over the responsibility and extended the rice fortification activity to other areas. In general all project reached their target very well.

Implications for planning: There was no changes in planning required

Result area 2	IMPACT/OUTCOME/OUTPUT	RESULT AREA
FNS	Outcome	2 Promote agricultural development: Double productivity and/or income of family farms (crop/livestock/fish producers)

ASSESSMENT OF RESULTS

To what extent have the outcomes for this result area been achieved?

During the reporting period at least 26500 farm families could double their income and productivity. Skill development, access to quality inputs and effective market linkage enhance the income and productivity. PROOFS was working with 80000 family farms, SaFal-II is working with 100000 smallholder family farms and MMWW is working with 6000 women entrepreneurs who could increase quality and quantity of agricultural productivity through improved farm technology, quality inputs and better marketing.

Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
2.1 Number of family farms with increased productivity and/or income	n.a.	n.a.	215313	Result Report of SaFal-II, result report of MMWW, result report of Krishi Utsho, annual report of CDSP, result report of Blue Gold, and result report of PROOFS
2.2 Number of family farms with improved access to input and/or output markets	n.a.	n.a.	177227	Result report of SaFal-II, result report of PROOFS, result report of MMWW, result report of Krishi Utsho, result report of Blue Gold, and result report of Food Safety
2.3 Number of family farms whose farming enterprise became more resilient to shocks	n.a.	n.a.	224933	Result report of MMWW, result report of Krishi Utsho, result report of Food Safety, result report of Blue Gold, and annual report of CDSP

To what extent have the outputs for this result area been achieved?

About 215000 smallholder farm families could increase productivity and income during this reporting period. At least 177000 farm families could have improved access to the input and output markets. By this time about 225000 farm families became resilient to shocks in farming.

Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
2.x.1 Number of family farms directly reached	n.a.	n.a.	287747	Result Report of SaFal-II, result report of MMWW, result report of Krishi Utsho, annual report of CDSP, result report of Blue Gold, result report of PROOFS, and result report of Food Safety
2.x.2 Number of family farms indirectly reached	n.a.	n.a.	346954	Result report of Krishi Utsho, annual report of CDSP, result report of Blue Gold, result report of PROOFS, and result report of Food Safety

Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 2

Assess achieved results compared to planning: A. Results achieved better than planned

Reasons for result achieved: Most of the projects were in mature stage that resulted accelerated achievement compare to plan. Improved market access and adapted knowledge and skill gave more confidence to the participants for more production and thus more income.

Implications for planning: Market transformation is important to facilitate better income and better productivity of family's farm

Result area 3	IMPACT/OUTCOME/OUTPUT	RESULT AREA
FNS	Outcome	3 Create ecological sustainability: Convert farmland (including pastures and fish ponds) to sustainable use

ASSESSMENT OF RESULTS

To what extent have the outcomes for this result area been achieved?

SaFal has been working with smallholders farmers and promoting good agriculture practices in its all value chains. SaFal has been implementing an integrated and sustainable model addressing all aspects of food security and climate friendly production system. The project has been assisting smallholders to adopt environment friendly techniques, inputs, climate smart agricultural practices to increase their productivity and output. On the other hand, CDSP is working on the newly accreted land and helping the new settlers for adopting eco friendly agriculture in their field. Krishi Utsho is promoting eco friendly inputs (e.g. vermi compost) and making available these inputs at the door steps of producers through its franchisees network. MMWW project is working with women agripreneurs and encouraging to adopt environment friendly agriculture for their productivity. Food Safety project developed a number of safe food production guidelines which had been adopted in the field.

Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
3.1 Number of hectares of farmland used more eco-friendly	n.a.	n.a.	33083	Result report of SaFal, result report of Krishi Utsho, result report of MMWW, result report of Food Safety, and annual report of CDSP
3.2 Number of hectares of farmland that became part of improved watershed/landscape management	n.a.	n.a.	9886	Annual Report of CDSP, and result report of Krishi Utsho
3.3 Number of hectares of farmland that agro-ecologically became more resilient to shocks	n.a.	n.a.	6900	Annual Report of CDSP, result report of Krishi Utsho, result report of MMWW, and result report of Food Safety

To what extent have the outputs for this result area been achieved?

About 7,477 training sessions were conducted by SaFal with the Producer Groups on good farm management practices that focuses on increasing farm productivity, reducing postharvest loss, ensuring food safety standards and adopting Climate Resilient Technology. Similarly CDSP and MMWW project organized trainings for their farmers on eco friendly agricultural practices where both direct beneficiaries and community members participated. During the reporting time all FNS projects could reach 8582 hectares of land directly.

Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
3.x.1 Number of hectares of farmland directly reached	n.a.	n.a.	85582	Result report of SaFal, result report of Krishi Utsho, result report of MMWW, result report of Food Safety, and annual report of CDSP
3.x.2 Number of hectares of farmland indirectly reached	n.a.	n.a.	30112	Result report of MMWW, result report of Food Safety, and annual report of CDSP

Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 3

Assess achieved results compared to planning: A. Results achieved better than planned

Reasons for result achieved: SaFal is working with 103000 smallholder farmers, CDSP is working with more than 20000 farmers and MMWW is working with about 6000 women agripreneurs. With the initiatives of all projects these good results were achieved.

Implications for planning: SaFal will continue to increase the coverage. CDSP phase four is phased out by December 2018. In case of new phase design, eco friendly agriculture still will be in focus.

Result area 4	IMPACT/OUTCOME/OUTPUT	RESULT AREA
FNS	Outcome	4 Promote knowledge and innovation for FNS: Knowledge and Innovation systems for FNS

ASSESSMENT OF RESULTS

To what extent have the outcomes for this result area been achieved?

New knowledge and new technology is critical to increase the productivity and income of smallholder farmers. Regular courtyard sessions made farmers confident to adopt new technologies in their farming practices. In most of the case SaFal disseminated new knowledge through Lead Farmers. CDSP received direct services from the Department of Extension, MMWW utilized Farm Business Advisers (FBA) as intermediaries to reach out to women entrepreneurs, and Krishi Utsho utilised their network of franchisees to reach to the farmers. The food safety project developed new Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) guidelines for horticulture and fisheries value chains and disseminated them to targeted farmers.

Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
-----------	-----------------	--------	--------	--------

4.1 Number of farmers that adopted research results/knowledge/new technologies	n.a.	n.a.	107190	Result report of SaFal, Annual Report of CDSP, Result report of Krishi Utsho, Result report of MMWW and result report of Food Safety project
4.2 Number of graduates / trainers employed in FNS area	n.a.	n.a.	2013	Result report of SaFal,
4.3 Number of FNS-relevant knowledge institutions that perform better	n.a.	n.a.	25	Result report Krishi Utsho
To what extent have the outputs for this result area been achieved?	n.a.			
Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
No output indicator for this result area	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 4				
Assess achieved results compared to planning:	A. Results achieved better than planned			
Reasons for result achieved.	Each FNS project has a specific knowledge dissemination mechanism to reach smallholder farmers with new knowledge and technology. Activities were implemented as planned, without interruption, achieving the planned results.			
Implications for planning.	Most of the food security projects will be phased out soon. Institutionalization and sustainability of service delivery are priority during the implementation of project. Intermediaries are linked with mainstream public services as well as private sector organizations. It is envisaged that the project supported farmers will continue to receive services from intermediaries and line agencies in future.			
Result area 5	IMPACT/OUTCOME/OUTPUT	RESULT AREA		
FNS	Outcome	5 Create enabling conditions for FNS: Food- and agribusiness		
ASSESSMENT OF RESULTS				
To what extent have the outcomes for this result area been achieved?	All projects focus on better access to markets and fetching higher prices. Some projects deal with specific value chains (e.g. SaFal, Blue Gold, CDSP) and others are working with various market actors. Through promoting intermediaries in the community (e.g. Lead Farmers, LSp and CNV by SaFal, FBAs & NSA by PROOFS etc.) projects create employment opportunities for young male and females in their respective community. These intermediaries usually sell services, inputs and sometimes are working as commission agent of private companies (e.g. milk collectors get commission from the dairy company). The role of private sector is crucial to ensure quality inputs to improve productivity as well as to provide markets for the produce.			
Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
5.1 Number of jobs supported in agricultural chains/sectors			4032	Result report of SaFal, annual Report of CDSP, result report of Krishi Utsho, result report of PROOFS, and result report of Blue Gold
5.2 Number of value chains and/or sectors performing better			69	Result Report of MMWW, result report of Blue Gold, and annual report of CDSP
5.3 Number of businesses co-investing in FNS activities			85	Result Report of PROOFS, result report of Krishi Utsho, annual report of CDSP, and result report of SaFal
To what extent have the outputs for this result area been achieved?	n.a.			
Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
No output indicator for this result area	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 5				
Assess achieved results compared to planning:	B. Results achieved as planned			
Reasons for result achieved.	Activities were planned well and there were no major interruptions in the implementation.			
Implications for planning.	More emphasis will be given on the mobilization of additional private sector parties.			
Result area 6	IMPACT/OUTCOME/OUTPUT	RESULT AREA		
FNS	Outcome	6 Create enabling conditions for FNS: Land rights for FNS		
ASSESSMENT OF RESULTS				
To what extent have the outcomes for this result area been achieved?	The Char (newly accreted land) Development and Settlement Project (CDSP-IV phase ensured land titles for targeted families during the reporting period. Newly accreted land in the project area has been rehabilitated with new settlement and turned into cultivable land. Destitute families were given land by the Government to build their houses and for cultivation.			
Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
6.1 Number of people/d that enjoyed (more) secure tenure rights to land			21248	Annual report of CDSP
To what extent have the outputs for this result area been achieved?	n.a.			
Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
No output indicator for this result area	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 6				
Assess achieved results compared to planning:	B. Results achieved as planned			
Reasons for result achieved.	The CDSP project is being implemented in collaboration with different Government line agencies including the Ministry of Land. As per Government regulation, when newly accreted land has been developed it has to be transferred to targeted settlers with proper legal entitlement.			
Implications for planning.	CDSP-IV phase is going to end by 2018.			
Result area 8	IMPACT/OUTCOME/OUTPUT	RESULT AREA		
FNS	Outcome	8 Create enabling conditions for FNS: Gender In FNS		
ASSESSMENT OF RESULTS				
To what extent have the outcomes for this result area been achieved?	Gender mainstreaming is a main focus in all FNS projects. In most cases female members of households are direct participants in FNS projects. The MMWW (Making Market Work for Women) project is only working with women entrepreneurs. In addressing malnutrition women and children are targeted first as they are affected most. Women are encouraged to participate in economic activities and take control over resources.			
Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
8.1 Number of women that benefitted from FNS interventions			514971	Result Report of SaFal-II, result report of MMWW, result report of Krishi Utsho, annual report of CDSP, result report of Food Safety, result report of PROOFS, and result report of Rice Fortification
To what extent have the outputs for this result area been achieved?	n.a.			
Indicator	Baseline + year	Target	Result	Source
No output indicator for this result area	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 8				
Assess achieved results compared to planning:	B. Results achieved as planned			
Reasons for result achieved.	As all projects have a clear gender focus and deliberate efforts are made to improve the position of women in the project areas, FNS projects have reached a significant number of women and have contributed to empowering them.			
Implications for planning.	Efforts will be continue to keep a/the focus on gender mainstreaming and empowering of women in all FNS projects.			
Activity				
Name	Actual expenditure 2018	Name organisation	Implemented by Channel	Department/Embassy
SaFal	5685500	Solidaridad	NGO	Embassy
PROOFS	1519226	ICCO + IDE	NGO	Embassy
Food Safety	774998	FAO	multilateral organization	Embassy
Krishi Utsho	509000	CARE	NGO	Embassy
Scaling up Rice Fortification	411656	WFP	multilateral organization	Embassy
Max Nutri-WASH	1000000	Max Foundation	NGO	Embassy
Making Market Work for Women	654021	Action Aid	NGO	Embassy (Gender budget)
CDSP-IV	4356994	GoB	government	Embassy (Water budget)
Blue Gold		GoB	government	Embassy (Water budget)